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2004

Application No. 10/009,885

Filed: January 22, 2002 TC Art Unit: 3751

Confirmation No.: 3751

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-6 (canceled)

Claim 7 (currently amended): A method of treating a coherent high

porosity, elongate element designed to form a nib, the method

comprising the steps of:

from an elongate element which is a rod constituted by fibers

that have previously been held together by a binder, continuously

impregnating said elongate element with a sealing bath having a

sealing agent that is inert relative to the components of the ink,

impregnation being performed under conditions of viscosity, of

time, of surface tensions, and of concentration in particular,

such that said bath diffuses into the elongate element and fills

the pores or capillaries of the rod over a limited thickness of

its longitudinal periphery, said limited thickness ranging from

about 0.01 mm to about 1 mm; and

setting the sealing agent in such a manner that the pores or

capillaries are plugged and a substantially airtight barrier is

created preventing the ink solvent from evaporating or limiting

evaporation thereof.

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Claim 8 (previously presented): The method according to claim 7,

wherein the same compound that serves as a binder for the fibers

is also used as the sealing agent.

Claim 9 (previously presented): The method according to claim 8,

wherein the rod is based on acrylic fibers, and the binder and the

sealing agent are an acid-catalyzed melamine formaldehyde resin.

Claim 10 (previously presented): The method according to claim 7,

wherein the sealing agent is set by subjecting the elongate

element to heat treatment.

Claim 11 (previously presented): The nib obtained by cutting into

segments and machining a high porosity elongate element treated

according to the method of claim 7.

Claims 12-13 (canceled)

Claim 14 (currently amended): A writing implement comprising an

ink included in a solvent and a nib insuring the transfer of ink

from an ink reservoir to the end of the nib serving as a writing

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2006

Application No. 10/009,885

Filed: January 22, 2002

TC Art Unit: 3751

Confirmation No.: 3751

tip, wherein the nib is constituted of a coherent elongate element

of high porosity material, with at least a first end shaped to

form the writing tip, and wherein the high porosity material is

constituted of fibers that have previously been held together by a

binder, and wherein pores or capillaries of said material are

blocked over a limited thickness at the longitudinal outer

periphery of the elongate element, said limited thickness ranging

from about 0.01 mm to about 1 mm, in order to create an airtight

barrier preventing the ink solvent from evaporating or limiting

evaporation thereof, with the exception of the first end forming

the writing tip.

Claim 15 (previously presented): The method according to claim 8

wherein the rod is based on polyester fibers and the sealing agent

is an acid-catalyzed melamine resin, a melamine urea-formaldehyde

resin, two-component epoxy resin, or two-component а

polyurethane resin.

Claim 16 (previously presented): The method according to claim 7,

wherein the rod has a diameter lying in the range of 2 mm to 15 mm

and the limited thickness lies in the range of 0.01 mm to 1 mm.

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